



SSA Return on Investment Research Results

November 2010

Agenda

▶ Research Background

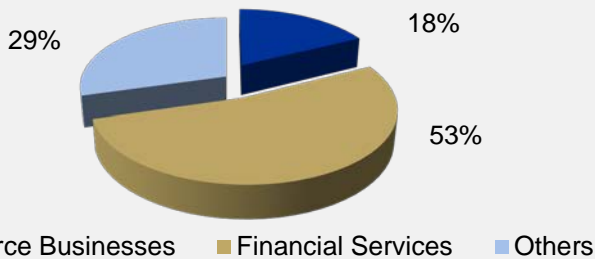
▶ ROI Benefit Framework & Findings

▶ The ROI Journey

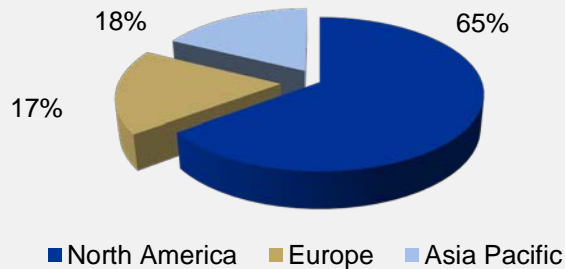
▶ Use Cases

Project Background

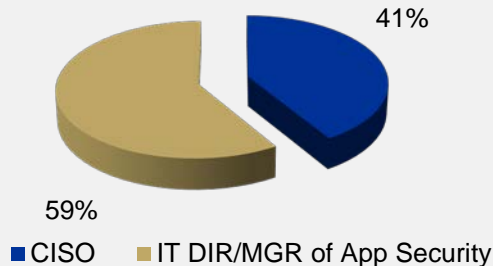
Industry Segments



Geographies Covered



Interviewee Titles



- ▶ Objective: provide an independent analysis of Software Security Assurance's (SSA's) business impact
- ▶ Research gathered results from 17 Fortify customers globally
 - Global Financial Services, Government Agencies, and Fortune 500 Enterprises
- ▶ Interviewed senior IT leadership including Chief Information Security Officers (CISOs) and IT Security Directors
- ▶ All customer data has been blinded to respect confidentiality

Research Methodology

- ▶ Interviewees were asked a series of qualitative and quantitative questions regarding:
 - Business/IT challenges pre-SSA
 - Pre-SSA software security business practices
 - Decision factors in making the SSA investment
 - Strategic/Operational/Financial benefits from deploying SSA
 - Operational/Financial Metrics used to track software security efficacy
 - Innovative uses/benefits of SSA
 - Key deployment lessons learned/best practices

- ▶ Most customers did not perform a detailed SSA business case or audit SSA benefits, limiting detailed financial data
 - Common benefit drivers, annual impact levels, and value tree frameworks are developed by consolidating customer proof points across interviews
 - External research was conducted to support customer benchmarks

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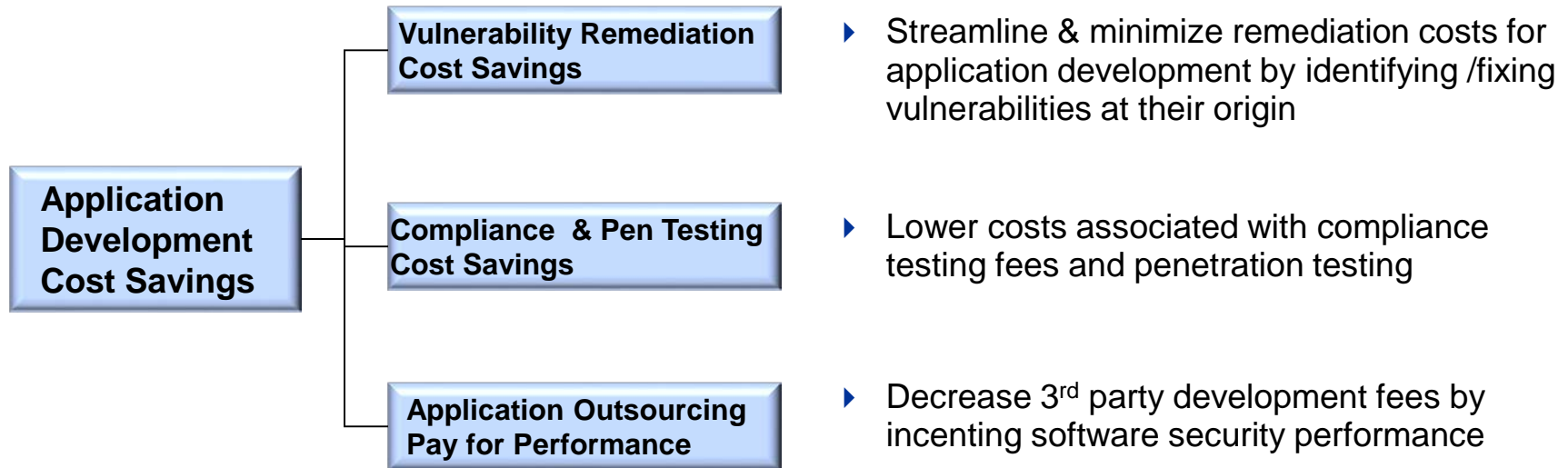
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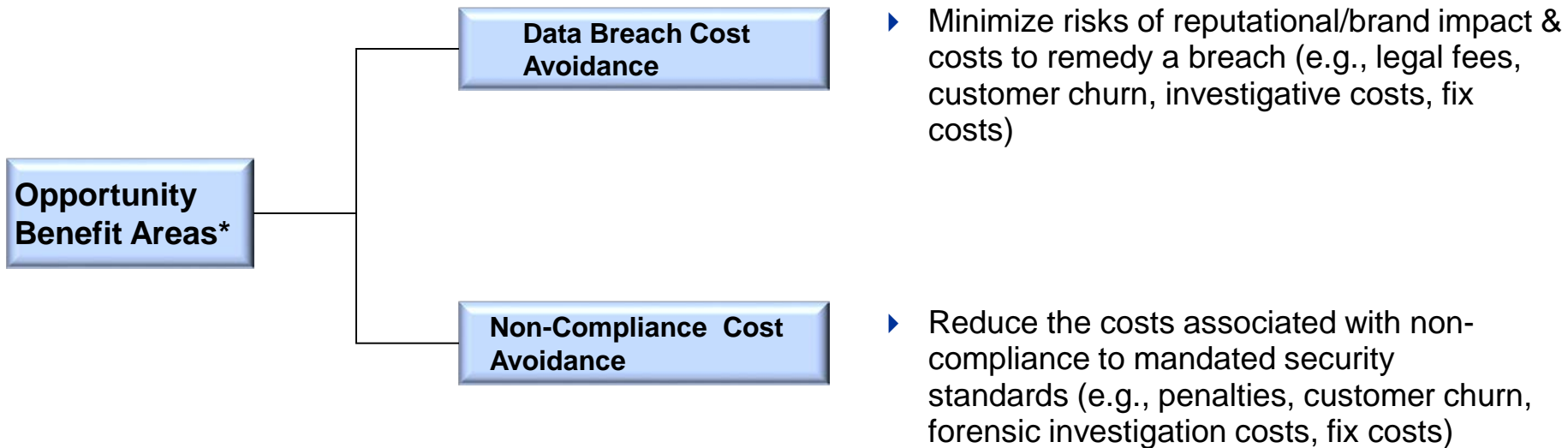
- ▶ The ROI Journey

- ▶ Use Cases

SSA contributed to significant annual development expense cost savings



Opportunity cost savings areas included breach & compliance cost avoidance



** Opportunity benefit areas may not apply to all companies*

Benchmarks were captured from our interviews to help assess the full potential of SSA's impact

	Known Vulnerabilities* /Application	Pre-Fortify	Post –Fortify (Optimize)
Vulnerability Remediation Cost Savings ³	Time to Fix/ Vulnerability	1000s	10s
	% Repeat Vulnerabilities	80%	~0%
	Annual Compliance & Pen Testing Expenses	~\$500k	~\$250k
Supplier Pay for Performance ¹	Annual Outsourced Development Savings	\$0k	\$100k

* Customers were only aware of 100s prior to SSA; majority of vulnerabilities were "unknown"

1 – Benchmarks based on 1 customer proof point

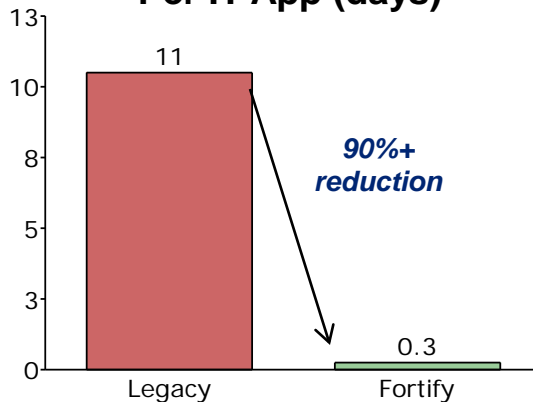
2 – Benchmarks based on 4 customer proof points

3– Benchmarks based on 14 customer proof points

Application development cost savings included vulnerability remediation,

Vulnerability Remediation Application Development

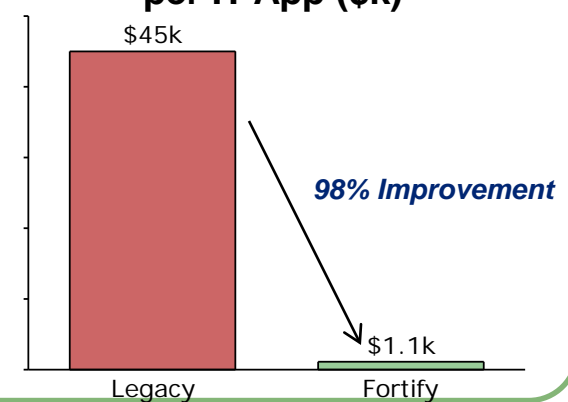
**Time to Fix Vulnerabilities
Per IT App (days)**



By identifying the vulnerabilities earlier in the development cycle, the time to fix an error went from 1-2 weeks to 1-2 hours

Vulnerability Remediation Application Development

**Remediation Cost Savings
per IT App (\$k)**

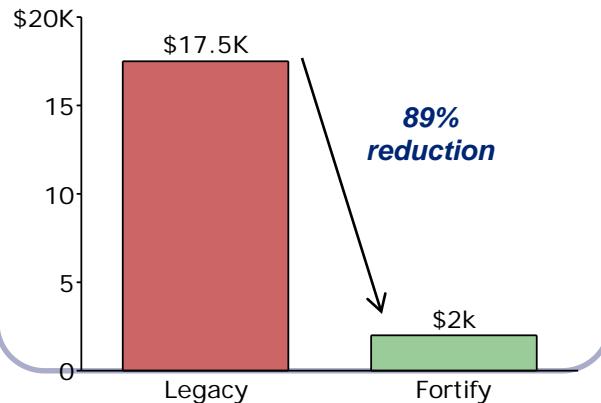


Applying these benefits, companies can save \$44k annually, per application (based on a conservative assumption of 10 vulnerabilities/application)

...compliance & penetration testing,

Compliance Testing Fee Savings

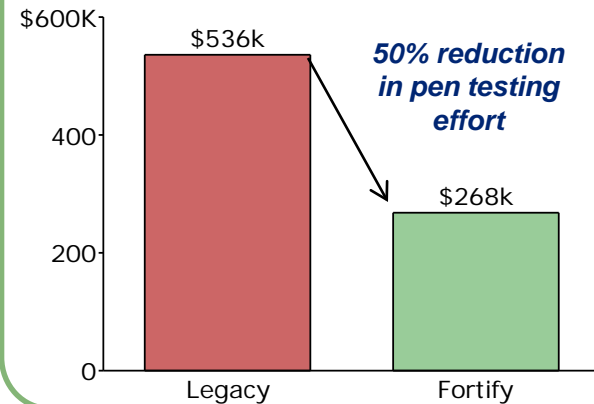
Auditor Compliance Fee Savings (\$k)



The frequency of compliance testing and audit trail of results reduces the auditor compliance consulting fees by 89%

Penetration Testing Fee Savings

Penetration Testing Fee Savings (\$k)



Penetration testing was reduced by 50% or more. Companies surveyed typically performed 5-25 penetration tests annually at a cost ranging from \$25k-100k per test. Improved awareness, education, quality of code and automated testing reduced testing effort & in some cases reduced frequency of tests.

... and for an avant-garde organization, reduced third party development expenses

Supplier Pay for Performance

Supplier Pay for Performance (\$k)

Application Development Annual Outsourcing Expenses	\$10M
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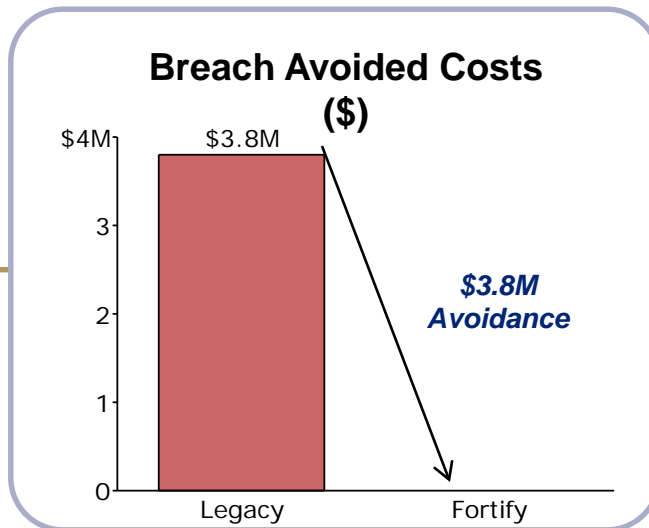
Average Fee Discount from SSA*	1%
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Average Outsource Application Development Savings from SSA	\$100k
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* Performance based fee arrangements for 3rd party development lowered overall costs

Additionally, opportunity cost savings were discussed such as breach or non-compliance cost avoidance

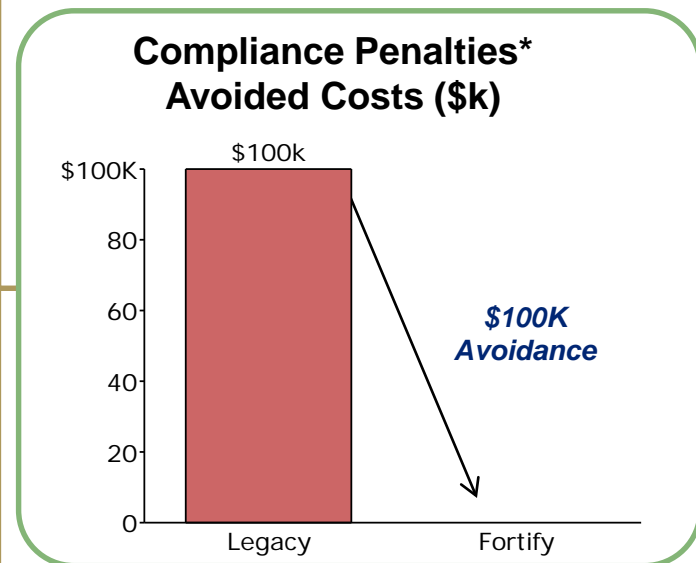
Breach Remediation Avoided Costs



Breach costs include legal fees, customer churn, remediation costs and disclosure expenses for public response. Research estimates the median breach cost at \$3.8M* or \$204 per compromised record

* Fourth Annual US Cost of Data Breach Study, Ponemon Institute, 2009

Non-Compliance Avoided Costs

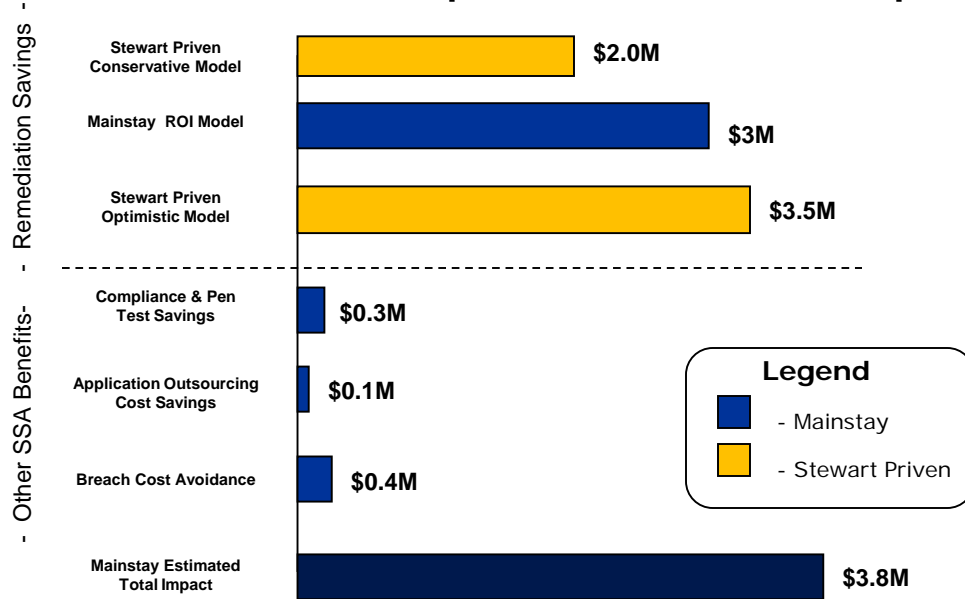


Non-compliance costs include penalties, fines, remediation costs. Conservative estimate based on PCI example which on average can last 3-24 months. At 6 months, penalties could reach \$100k

* Source: "Industry View: Calculating the True Cost of PCI Non-Compliance", Ellen Levenson, CSO Online

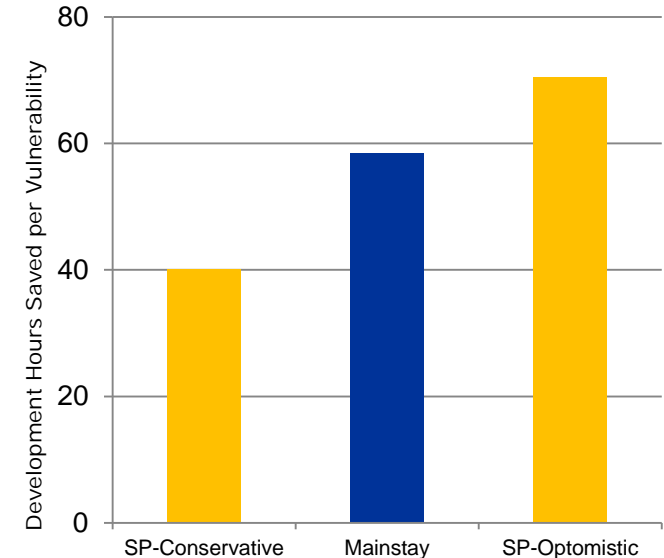
Annual SSA Total Economic Value Opportunity for Government – Comparative Analysis

Annual SSA Economic Impact – Government Example*



- ▶ Stewart Priven application development savings calculated using common assumptions (e.g., # of vulnerabilities, cost per hour)
- ▶ Mainstay application productivity estimates derived from 17 Fortify customer interviews
- ▶ Conservative assumptions taken for compliance, pen testing and pay for performance savings
 - ▶ For example, breach estimates only a 10% chance of an occurrence to reduce the \$3.8M/event cost to only \$0.4M per annum

Comparative Analysis Mainstay & Stewart Priven (SP) Models



- ▶ Stewart Priven conservative model estimates an average 40 hour savings from identifying the vulnerabilities primarily during code/unit testing and at government/acceptance testing
- ▶ Stewart Priven optimistic model estimates an average 70 hour savings from identifying the vulnerabilities primarily before or during code/unit testing
- ▶ Mainstay estimates found an average 58 hour savings by moving to primarily code/unit testing identification

* Sample Agency- Assumptions; 500 critical/severe vulnerabilities; \$3.8M cost per breach – 10% probability;

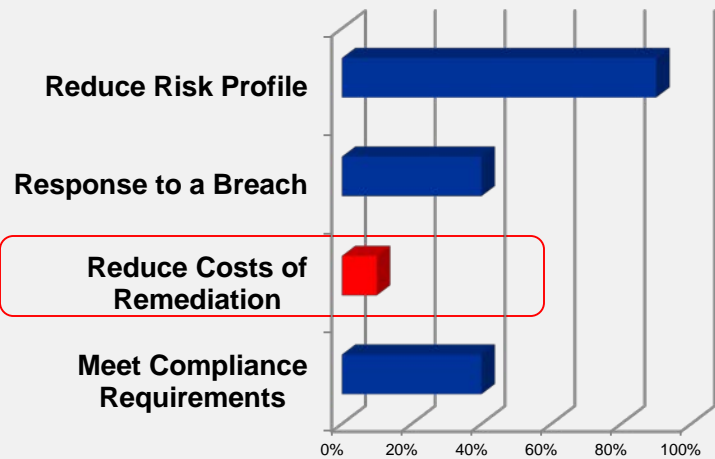
* Stewart-Priven Modeling: 2009 Presentation to PMI-MHS "Software Inspection Success"

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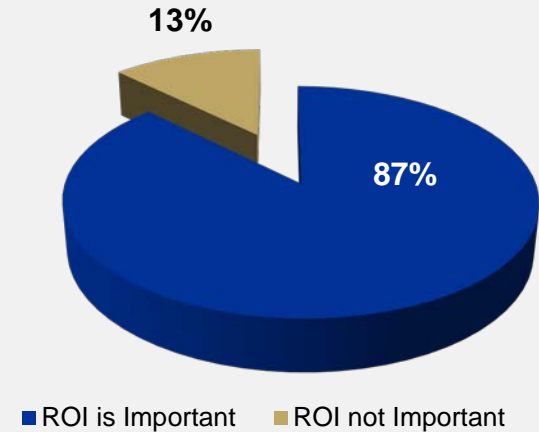
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Initially selected for risk management, SSA proved to be a value creating investment

Risk Management Focused



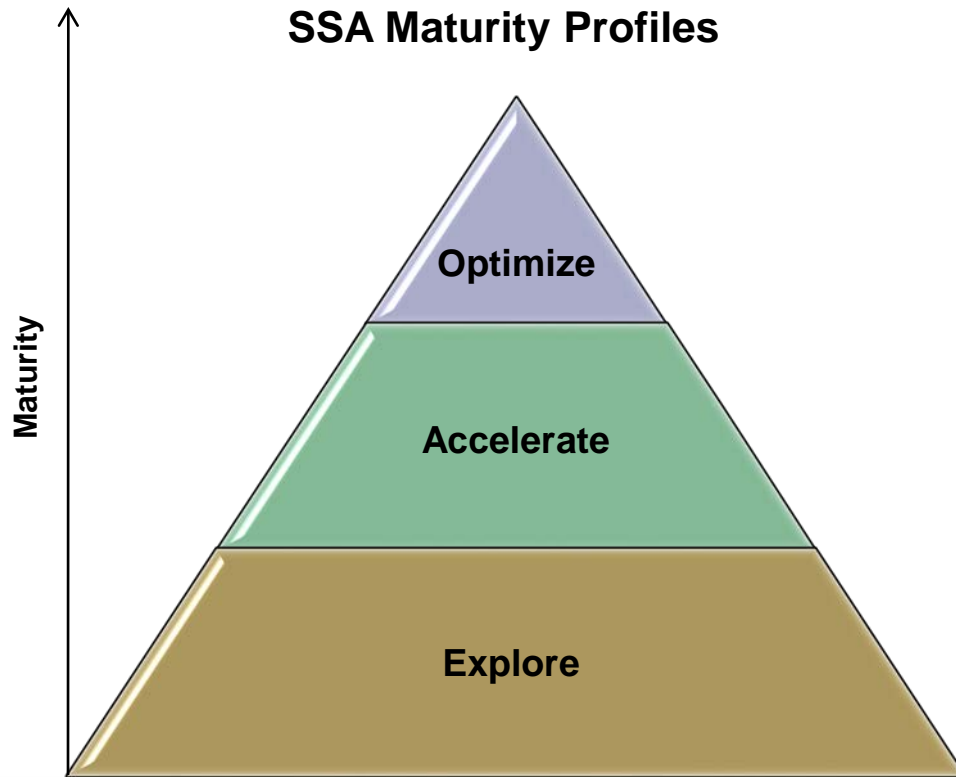
Value Focused



- ▶ SSA was viewed as a tool to identify and fix vulnerabilities
- ▶ No coherent security strategy, program or process prior to SSA
- ▶ No plans to build a comprehensive set of benefit metrics to define or quantify success at outset of the investment

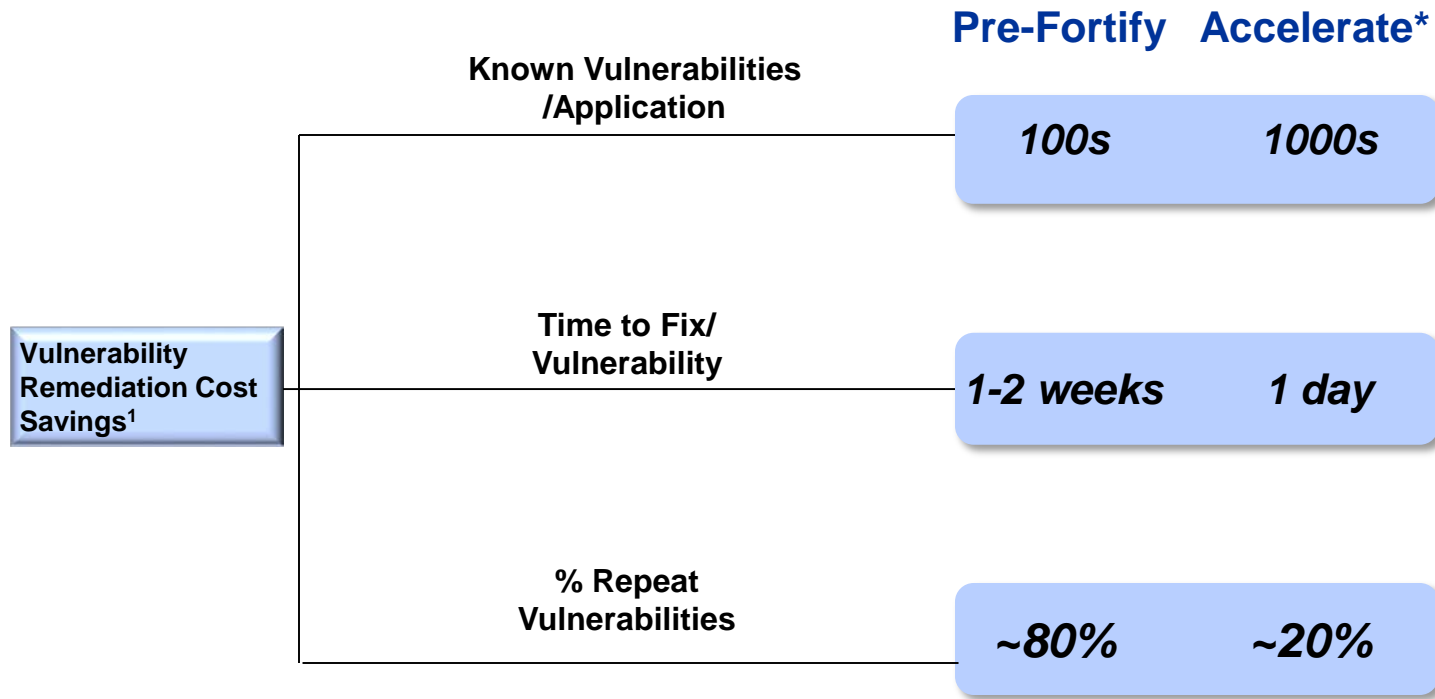
- ▶ Required acceptance from CIO & VP of Application development –outside of the security team’s responsibilities
- ▶ Adoption required a 360 view of software security – people, process and technology transformation
- ▶ Nearly all security teams recognized the need for a business case/benefits analysis to gain adoption

Correspondingly, SSA's value to the organization matured over time



- ▶ **Explore-** Customers deployed SSA initially to uncover nearly 90% of the vulnerabilities hidden to the development teams. Started with a small set of applications for a pilot
- ▶ **Accelerate-** After the successful pilot, SSA was expanded to include the company's most critical applications
- ▶ **Optimize-** SSA was embedded into the software development lifecycle (SDLC) process to eliminate repeat issues and further streamline remediation efforts

Initial SSA benefits were focused on reducing vulnerability remediation costs



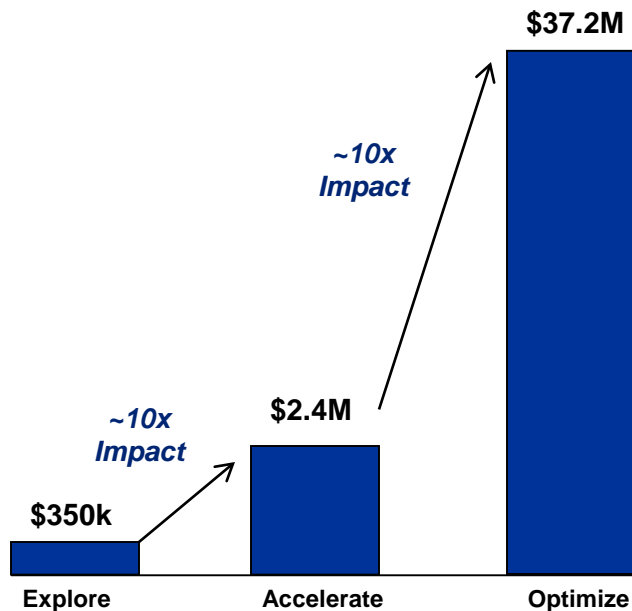
¹ - 14 customer proof points

* Explore benchmarks were similar to Accelerate benchmarks but applied to a smaller set of applications

SSA customers were achieving exponential benefits as they matured

Annual Economic Value Impact

(Explore vs. Accelerate vs. Optimize)

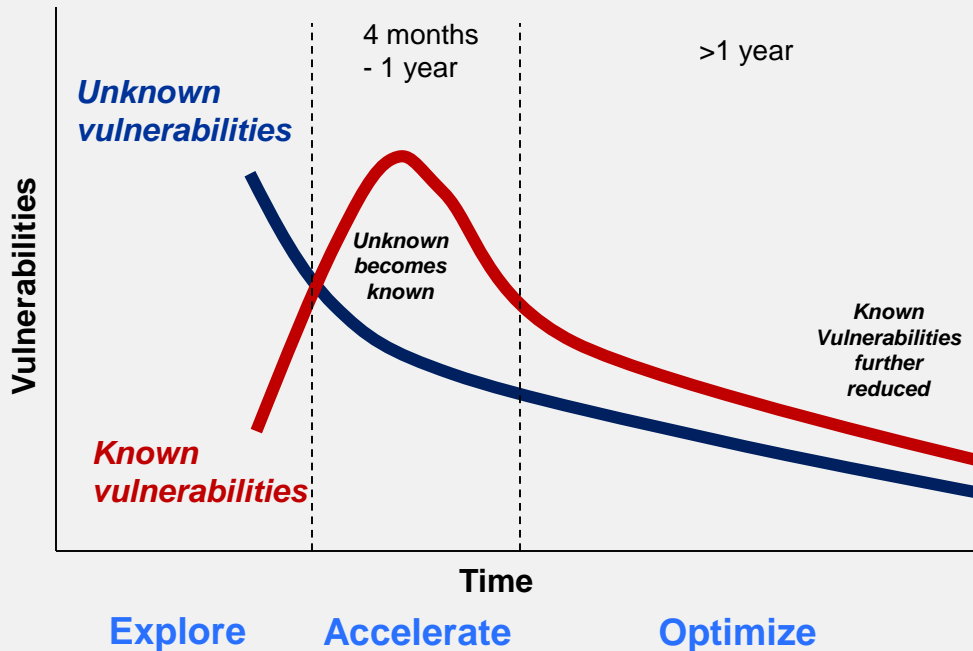


- ▶ “Explore” customers achieve out-of-the-box benefits by reducing vulnerability remediation costs in the piloted applications
- ▶ “Accelerate” customers scale these savings, leading to 10x value and payback in under 12 months
- ▶ Additional 10x+ value realized when “Optimize” companies embed SSA into their SDLC

* Sample Customer - Assumptions include: “Explore” deployment to 10 Applications; \$20B customer; 500 critical/severe vulnerabilities; \$100k Annual Pen/Compliance OPEX

A common challenge to reaching “Optimize” is overcoming the **Vulnerability Speed Bump**

Software Security Assurance (SSA) Customer Lifecycle



- ▶ The large number of unknown vulnerabilities discovered in “Explore” helped to accelerate adoption
- ▶ However, companies also became bogged down in fixing vulnerabilities – slowing their migration to “Accelerate”
- ▶ Best practice companies were able to pass over the “Vulnerability Speed Bump” developing the business case to **PREVENT** future vulnerabilities

Security teams successfully navigated to “Optimize” through a set of common best practices

PEOPLE

- Secure top management commitment & invest in stakeholder education
- Provide board-level visibility to application security results
- Set aggressive goals for applications and developer coverage in Year 1
- Invest in application security education/training for developers



PROCESS

- Drive internal process and organizational change
- Mandatory requirements for acceptable risk in applications before deployment
- Rapidly move from a centralized application security team to ‘local integration with developers’
- Incorporate adherence to application security standards in developers’ appraisals



TECHNOLOGY

- Integrate SSA into Application Lifecycle Management
- Embed SSA into SDLC automation tools
- Link SSA into audit/compliance tools to automate and ensure audit trail
- Integrate SSA into operational management tools (production)

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Govt. Agency - Showcases Benefits For Larger Rollout & Adoption

Government Agency

Objective

Overall security and risk strategy included SSA to bolster application security

Adoption

Initially positioned a small experiment in one department.

Security-related application delays have reduced by 50% and the success has been leveraged to gain acceptance by other departments

Finding & Fixing

From no scans to once a month for critical applications (50% of applications) and every 3 months for the remaining apps

Found 100 times more vulnerabilities. Fixing effort went from a few days to a few hours. 20 hours of compliance savings

How it is leveraged

SSA leveraged as a proof of concept to make the case for institutionalizing within the organization

**Maturity Level:
Explore**

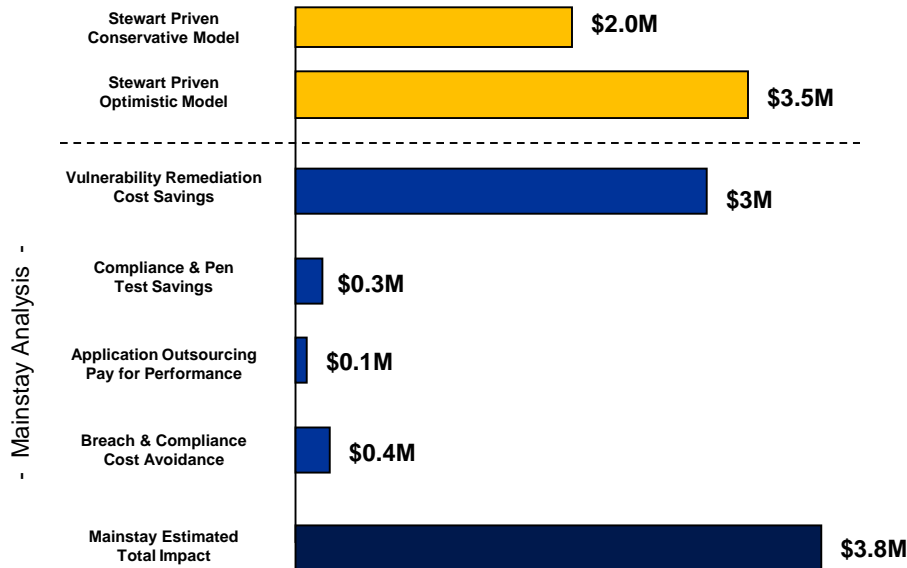
Proof of concept was deployed to a few application teams identifying 100x vulnerabilities, greater visibility accelerating adoption

Appendix



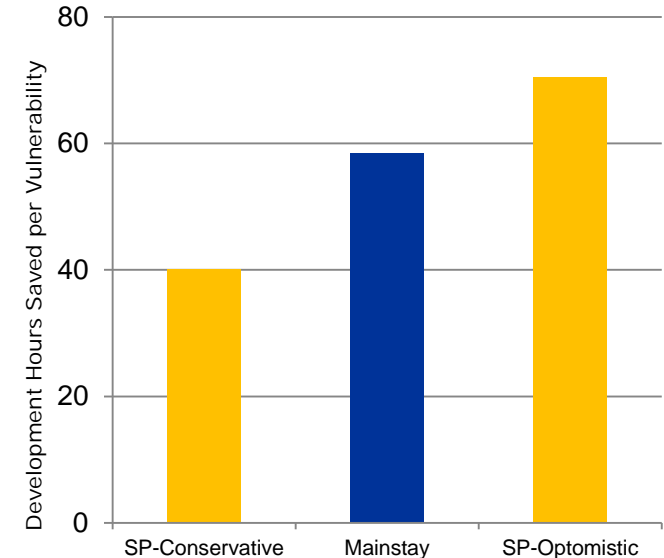
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